

Name: .....

School: .....



WINCHESTER  
COLLEGE

## Entrance Examination 2020

### Latin

Total time allowed: 1 hour 15 minutes

**No dictionaries allowed**

*A good mark in Section A will be sufficient to gain a pass in this paper, but all sections should be attempted.*

**Please start each section of the examination on a new sheet of paper.**

## SECTION A

**Take a sheet of paper and write your full name on it.**

On **alternate lines WRITE OUT A TRANSLATION** of this passage and then answer the questions which follow.

**Pirates suffer disaster when they fail to realise that pigs recognise their farmers' voices.**

piratae olim ad terram pulchram, Etruriam nomine, advenerunt. in illa terra agricolae multos porcos colebant. piratae autem, ubi ad terram navigaverunt, e nave exierunt quod cibum invenire magnopere cupiebant. dux piratarum, ubi porcos vidit, 'ecce!' inquit, 'sunt in hac terra multi porci. illos capite et ad navem ducite. deinde multum cibi habebimus.' agricolae, quamquam piratas conspexerunt, nihil fecerunt sed fugerunt. itaque piratae multos porcos ceperunt et eos ad navem duxerunt. tum discesserunt, sed ubi navis etiam prope terram fuit, agricolae ad mare festinaverunt et porcos magna voce vocaverunt. porci autem, ubi agriculturalum voces audiverunt, omnes ad eandem partem navis cucurrerunt. navem igitur everterunt et submerserunt. piratae, quod nare non poterant, omnes perierunt; porci tamen ad terram tuti naverunt et ad agricolas laetos redierunt.

pirata, -ae 1m: pirate

Etruria, -ae 1f: Etruria

porcus, -i 2m: pig

colo (3): I look after

eandem (fem. acc. sing. idem): the same

everto (3): I overturn

submergo, submergere, submersi,

submersum: I sink

no (1): I swim

[30%]

1. Give the following grammatical forms:
  - a. the genitive singular of **terram, mare, voces, partem**
  - b. the present active infinitive of **fecerunt, habebimus, navigaverunt**
  - c. the ablative singular masculine of **hac, illos, magna**
  
2. Give an example from the passage of:
  - a. an adverb
  - b. a preposition with the ablative
  - c. an imperative
  - d. a present infinitive
  
3. Give English words wholly or partly derived from:

**agricolae, audiverunt, invenire**
  
4. Translate the following into Latin. The vocabulary is in the passage.
  - a. Many pirates were sailing in the ship.
  - b. We will hurry away from the sea.
  - c. The happy pig loved the farmer's voice.

[30%]

## SECTION B

**Take a new sheet of paper and write your full name on it.**

On **alternate lines** translate this passage into English.

**After Caesar is assassinated, disorder reigns at Rome due to the actions of Brutus and Cassius. Antonius, Caesar's second-in-command, exposes the assassins' hypocrisy with a cunning speech.**

Brutus et Cassius et amici, postquam Caesarem interfecerunt, in vias cucurrerunt et magna voce clamabant 'iam tyrannum crudelissimum superbissimumque necavimus; iam liberi estis, Romani!' sed omnes cives fugerunt perterriti; nemo verba eorum audire volebat. itaque Brutus et Cassius ad Capitolium iverunt ut numero gladiatorum se defenderent; totam noctem ibi manebant, anxii. nam cives, qui Caesarem amaverant, irati erant, et multi veterani Caesaris quoque aderant.

Antonius autem Brutum et Cassium in curia quae prope Capitolium erat convenire nolebat, quod gladiatores eam oppugnare poterant. nec milites suos in urbem ducere poterat, quod leges hoc vetabant. tandem in templo Telluris, loco tutiore, senatores convocare constituit.

postquam inimici Caesaris advenerunt, Antonius 'vos' inquit 'iam ipsi constituetis. si enim Caesar rex erat, imperia officia quae ille vobis dedit reddere debetis. num enim ea, a tyranno vobis data, habere voletis?'

tyrannus, tyranni 2m: tyrant  
liber -a -um: free  
Capitolium, Capitolii 2n: Capitoline Hill  
numerus, numeri 2m: squad  
gladiator, gladiatoris 3m: gladiator  
anxius -a -um: worried  
veteranus, veterani 2m: former soldier  
curia, curiae 1f: senate house  
lex, legis 3f: law  
veto, vetare, vetui, vetitum: I forbid

Tellus, Telluris 3f: Tellus (the Earth goddess)  
senator, senatoris 3m: senator  
convoco (1): I call together  
inimicus, inimici 2m: enemy  
si: if  
imperium, imperii 2n: military command  
officium, officii 2n: appointment, job  
reddo, -ere, reddidi, redditum: I give back

[30%]

## SECTION C

***Take a new sheet of paper and write your full name on it.***

*Answer **ONE** of the following questions.*

1. Write not more than *ten* lines on *either* **what we can learn today from Ancient Greek myths (you may refer to as many myths as you like) or The Trojan War.**
2. Write not more than *ten* lines on *either* **the similarities and differences between entertainment for the Romans and for us today or the baths.**
3. Write not more than *ten* lines on *either* **Claudius's invasions of Britain or how life would be changed for an Ancient Briton after the Roman invasions.**

[10%]

**END OF EXAMINATION**